### **Return to Table of Contents**

The Population Chapter in this year's *State of the City* contains decennial census data. Its primary intent is to present 1990 demographic, social and economic census information, often in comparison to earlier years and other geographic areas. Comparative data from past census have been extracted from previous *State of the City* issues and from various U.S. Census publications.

The 1999 estimates of the total population of the City of Minneapolis, persons per household and household population were provided by the Twin Cities Metropolitan Council. These estimates are based on 1990 census data and are adjusted using data such as construction permits, demolition permits, IRS filings, INS records and Minneapolis Public School student records. The Minneapolis Planning Department believes there are more people per household and a greater population than Metropolitan Council estimates. However, there is no data available to support this belief until the 2000 census data is released on April 1, 2001.

This chapter can also be found on the city's web site at: www.ci.minneapolis.mn.us/planning

Total Population and Household Characteristics
Community Population and Age Distribution
Race and Ethnicity
Family Characteristics
Income and Poverty

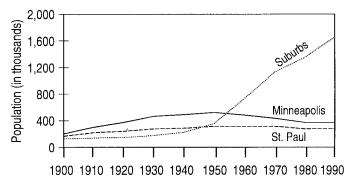


# **Total Population and Household Characteristics**

The most recent estimate of total Minneapolis population is 358,610 for 1999. This reflects a continued decrease from the 1998 estimate of 360,591 and the 1997 estimate of 362,090. The estimated loss in population for the 1990 to 1999 period is 9,773 persons. The 1990 census data reflected a decline in the number of residents living in family households and a larger share of non-family households relative to family households.

In 1990, there were 160,682 households in Minneapolis (159,794 is the 1999 estimate), compared to 161,858 in 1980 (each occupied housing unit has one household in it). A total of 351,705 persons lived in households in 1990 (341,918 is the 1999 estimate), an average of 2.19 persons per household (2.14 persons per household is the 1999 estimate). This 2.19 figure was identical to the 1980 average household size, but slightly smaller than that of 1970. Also in 1990, nearly 52 percent of households identified themselves as non-family (only unrelated individuals or a single individual living in an occupied housing unit). This was the first census in which more non-family than family households were identified in the city.

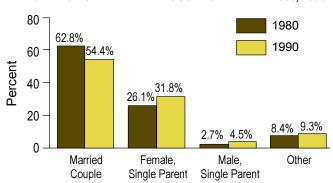
### **METROPOLITAN GROWTH, 1900 TO 1990**



#### MINNEAPOLIS POPULATION, 1950-1999

Year	Population	Decade Loss
1950	521,718	38,846
1960	482,872	48,472
1970	434,400	63,449
1980	370,951	2,568
1990	368,383	
1992 (Est.)	368,559	
1993 (Est.)	367,924	
1994 (Est.)	366,480	
1995 (Est.)	365,889	
1996 (Est.)	364,382	
1997 (Est.)	362,090	
1998 (Est.)	360,591	
1999 (Est.)	358,610	
Total Decline (1950-99	) 163,108	

### PERCENT OF CHILDREN BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE: 1980, 1990



### HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE, 1980-1990

	Households 1980	Percent Share 1980	Households 1990	Percent Share 1990	Total Change 1980-90	Change in Percent Share 1980-90
Married Couple	61,311	37.9	51,984	32.4	-9,327	-5.5
No Wife Present	4,020	2.5	5,232	3.2	1,212	0.7
No Husband Present	17,615	10.9	20,455	12.7	2,840	1.8
Family Total	82,946	51.3	77,671	48.3	-5,275	-3.0
Non Family Total	78,912	48.7	83,011	51.7	4,099	3.0
Total	161,858	100	160,682	100	-1,176	



# **Community Population and Age Distribution**

Although the total Minneapolis population declined by less than one percent between 1980 and 1990, it increased or declined to varying degrees within geographic sub-areas around the city.

During the 1980s the city's adult and preschool populations increased. School age, young adult, middle age and senior populations decreased. When compared to 1970, the city's adult population is the only age category that experienced a net increase in percent share.

The rapid growth in the adult age category appears to be associated with the increase in the number of preschool (under 5) children reported in 1990, as the relatively large adult "baby boom" population continues to move through its child-bearing years. There has been a continual increase in Minneapolis Public School student enrollment at the elementary level since 1983. The following table details the change in population by age category for the 1970 to 1990 period.

### POPULATION BY COMMUNITY, 1980-1990

				Percent		Percent		Percent
		Population		Share	Change	Change	Change	Change
Community	1970	1980	1990	1990	1970-90	1970-90	1980-90	1980-90
Central	21,480	19,035	21,158	5.7%	-322	-1.50%	2,123	11.20%
Near North	44,235	33,721	35,225	9.6%	-9,010	-20.40%	1,504	4.50%
University	30,064	29,852	30,464	8.3%	400	1.30%	612	2.10%
Powderhorn	59,701	51,536	51,954	14.1%	-7,747	-13.00%	418	0.80%
Phillips	18,825	17,115	17,247	4.7%	-1,578	-8.40%	132	0.80%
Longfellow	33,375	28,962	28,618	7.8%	-4,757	-14.30%	-344	-1.20%
Calhoun-Isles	35,784	30,687	30,322	8.2%	-5,462	-15.30%	-365	-1.20%
Northeast	45,625	37,501	36,515	9.9%	-9,110	-20.00%	-986	-2.60%
Camden	35,807	29,652	28,776	7.8%	-7,031	-19.60%	-876	-3.00%
Nokomis	45,935	39,944	38,514	10.5%	-7,421	-16.20%	-1,430	-3.60%
Southwest	63,569	52,946	49,590	13.5%	-13,979	-22.00%	-3,356	-6.30%
Minneapolis	434,400	370,951	368,383		-66,017	-15.20%	-2,568	-0.70%

### POPULATION BY AGE CATEGORY, 1970-1990

	1970 1980		980	19	1990 197		<b>'</b> 0-90 198		-90	
		Percent		Percent		Percent		Percent		Percent
	Persons	Share	Persons	Share	Persons	Share	Change	Change	Change	Change
Preschool (under 5)	32,294	7.40%	22,433	6.00%	27,114	7.40%	-5,180	0.00%	4,681	1.30%
School Age (5-17)	83,239	19.20%	51,592	13.90%	48,836	13.30%	-34,403	-5.90%	-2,756	-0.70%
Young Adult (18-24)	74,179	17.10%	64,601	17.40%	49,786	13.50%	-24,393	-3.60%	-14,815	-3.90%
Adult (25-44)	89,766	20.70%	113,900	30.70%	143,867	39.10%	54,101	18.40%	29,967	8.30%
Middle Age (45-64)	89,661	20.60%	61,395	16.60%	51,062	13.90%	-38,599	-6.80%	-10,333	-2.70%
Senior (65+)	65,261	15.00%	57,030	15.40%	47,718	13.00%	-17,543	-2.10%	-9,312	-2.40%
Total Persons	434,400		370,951		368,383		-66,017		-2,568	



# **Race and Ethnicity**

Minneapolis became more ethnically and racially diverse in the 1980s. The city's minority population increased by nearly 32,300 persons, increasing from 12.7 percent of the total population in 1980 to 21.6 percent in 1990. Racial diversity is most noticeable in the younger age categories where approximately 40 percent of the child population are children of color in 1990. By 2000, over 70 percent of children in public school are children of color.

Although the city's total population hardly changed during the 1980s, significant shifts occurred within specific racial and ethnic populations. Between 1980 and 1990, the city's white population declined by 34,864, or 12 percent. This decline, while significant, is not near the level of non-minority population loss that occurred between 1970 and 1980, when the white population declined by 82,582. Growth in the city's minority population has accelerated since 1970. Between 1970 and 1980 the city's minority population increased by 19,133 persons; the increase in the city's minority population between 1980 and 1990 was 32,296 persons.

The Minneapolis Public School system had a population of 47,839 students at the end of the 1999-2000 school year. The racial composition of students is 44 percent Black, 29 percent white, 15 percent Asian, 8 percent Hispanic, and 5 percent American Indian. The schools also report that in 1998 the most prevalent languages spoken by participants in the English Language Learners program are Hmong (3,492 persons enrolled), Spanish (1,749 persons enrolled), and Somali (1,005 persons enrolled).

The percent of the population in each age bracket varies by race and ethnicity, according to the 1990 Census. Each of the ethnic population groups has a significant proportion of the city's children. The average percentage of children 17 or less (school age and preschool) was greater than 30 percent for people of color. The white population under 17 represented only 15 percent of the total white population. On the other end of the age spectrum, the white population has a higher percentage of older people than the other ethnic classifications. Seniors 65 and over represented 15.5 percent of the white population. The percentages for the 65 and over age for people of color represents less than 5 percent on average.

#### MINORITY POPULATION BY COMMUNITY, 1980 AND 1990

	Pop	ulation	1980-90	1980-90 Change			
Community	1980	1990	Number	Percent			
Camden	1,450	3,698	2,248	155.0			
Northeast	951	2,484	1,533	161.2			
Near North	13,466	21,633	1,533	60.6			
Central	2,807	5,678	2,871	102.3			
University	3,328	4,391	1,063	31.9			
Calhoun-Isles	1,500	1,990	490	32.7			
Powderhorn	10,774	18,768	7,994	74.2			
Phillips	5,864	9,488	3,624	61.8			
Longfellow	1,573	2,990	1,417	90.1			
Southwest	2,078	3,627	1,549	74.5			
Nokomis	3,329	4,669	1,340	40.3			
Minneapolis	47,120	79,416	32,296	68.5			

### AGE DISTRIBUTION BY RACE AND HISPANIC ETHNICITY, 1990

	Wh	nite	African	American	Native A	American	Asian	Pacific	Ot	:her	Hisp	anic
Preschool (under 5)	16,114	5.60%	6,455	13.50%	1,862	15.10%	2,175	13.80%	508	14.90%	1,010	12.80%
School Age (5-17)	27,862	9.60%	12,457	26.00%	3,441	27.90%	4,221	26.80%	855	25.10%	1,628	20.60%
Young Adult (18-24)	39,091	13.50%	6,015	12.50%	1,563	12.70%	2,603	16.60%	514	15.10%	1,233	15.60%
Adult (25-44)	117,703	40.70%	16,152	33.70%	3,878	31.40%	4,906	31.20%	1,228	36.00%	2,964	37.50%
Middle Age (45-64)	43,351	15.00%	4,863	10.10%	1,306	10.60%	1,310	8.30%	232	6.80%	746	9.40%
Senior (65+)	44,846	15.50%	2,006	4.20%	285	2.30%	508	3.20%	73	2.10%	319	4.00%
Total	288,967		47,948		12,335		15,723		3,410		7,900	

Note: Figures used for Hispanics should not be used in total counts as the U.S. Bureau of the Census includes them in other racial categories

## RACE AND ETHNICITY BY NEIGHBORHOOD, 1990

			RACE				ETHNICITY
			American	Asian/ Pacific		TOTAL	
Neighborhood	White	Black	Indian	Islander	Other	POPULATION	Hispanic
Armatage	4640	71	13	139	18	4881	55
Audubon Park	5381	50	133	69	34	5667	63
Bancroft	2732	462	81	75	27	3377	71
Beltrami	977	78	81	50	16	1202	39
Bottineau	1065	13	44	19	9	1150	34
Bryant	779	1728	69	188	25	2789	48
Bryn Mawr	2718	65	15	33	14	2845	50
CARAG	5393	234	72	99	27	5825	64
Camden	4449	301	128	49	21	4948	57
Cedar Riverside/West Bank	4369	732	112	1100	55	6368	145
Cedar-Isles-Dean	2186	21	3	27	6	2243	33
Central	2600	3537	406	862	116	7521	245
Cleveland	2808	314	53	30	11	3216	36
Columbia	1596	21	33	15	9	1674	22
Como	4687	221	98	549	62	5617	139
Cooper	3412	97	83	91	25	3708	56
Corcoran	2927	305	240	112	51	3635	101
Diamond Lake	5107	221	25	97	37	5487	79
Downtown East	19	2	3	1	0	25	0
Downtown West	3066	532	91	72	28	3789	118
ECCO	2380	43	13	47	12	2495	29
East Harriet	3774	80	7	74	19	3954	46
East Isles	3381	51	13	44	9	3498	52
Elliot Park	4156	1077	200	173	72	5678	278
Ericsson	3027	90	37	69	12	3235	53
Field	1673	824	30	49	15	2591	37
Folwell	4292	565	144	70	44	5115	90
Fuller	4201	142	26	70	25	4464	73
Fulton	5808	60	19	85	16	5988	53
Hale	3035	130	14	32	16	3227	30
Harrison	1345	1485	77	581	48	3536	118
Hawthorne	3219	1850	514	304	145	6032	203
Hiawatha	5424	143	110	48	34	5759	85
Holland	3994	81	159	62	32	4328	68
Howe	6337	345	203	178	45	7108	112
Jordan	5000	2017	414	208	98	7737	226
Keewayden	3250	41	20	39	19	3369	34
Kenny	3564	69	14	49	12	3708	29
Kenwood	1771	17	3	24	2	1817	14
King Field	6672	816	126	214	56	7884	141
Lind-Bohanon	3932	238	107	119	53	4449	109
Linden Hills	7397	95	37	125	24	7678	63
Logan Park	1673	23	69	57	29	1851	51
Longfellow	4323	273	218	109	100	5023	186
Loring Park	5739	593	60	113	81	6586	194
Lowry Hill	3594	93	15	65	25	3792	57
Lowry Hill East	5175	432	88	188	50	5933	135
Lyndale	4581	1813	315	394	136	7239	250
Lynnhurst	5633	91	21	88	12	5845	48
Marshall Terrace	1217	11	45	9	15	1297	37
McKinley	2499	401	171	87	35	3193	116
Mid-City Industrial Area	28	18	1	2	0	49	2

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# RACE AND ETHNICITY BY NEIGHBORHOOD, 1990 (CONTINUED)

			RACE				<b>ETHNICITY</b>
			American	Asian/ Pacific		TOTAL	
Neighborhood	White	Black	Indian	Islander	Other	POPULATION	Hispanic
Minnehaha	4095	86	67	56	30	4334	50
Morris Park	3003	103	36	58	13	3213	71
Near North	1530	4153	124	323	45	6175	117
Nicollet Island/East Bank	620	19	4	21	2	666	15
North Loop	587	40	11	6	3	647	8
North River Industrial Area	85	12	6	1	1	105	7
Northeast Park	661	10	36	11	4	722	11
Northrup	4192	283	67	99	42	4683	71
Page	1644	59	1	30	8	1742	12
Phillips	7759	3677	4157	1406	248	17247	667
Powderhorn Park	5294	1460	684	308	118	7864	206
Prospect Park/East River Rd	4068	264	84	620	38	5074	82
Regina	1070	1275	26	78	25	2474	47
Saint Anthony East	1856	32	53	38	18	1997	36
Saint Anthony West	2163	36	44	102	14	2359	42
Seward	6132	470	146	193	79	7020	185
Sheridan	2477	57	135	47	36	2752	56
Shingle Creek	2572	271	44	94	19	3000	57
Standish	5943	218	166	95	56	6478	111
Sumner Glenwood	122	965	60	2184	5	3336	73
Marcy-Holmes	7428	393	70	834	85	8810	196
University	3491	87	16	261	25	3880	88
Victory	4440	199	34	43	34	4750	78
Waite Park	5561	34	31	58	23	5707	65
Wenonah	3749	263	64	56	27	4159	70
West Calhoun	1734	80	2	42	16	1874	37
West Stevens Square-Loring Heights	3295	751	188	136	63	4433	126
Whittier	8331	3432	574	483	231	13051	531
Willard Hay	2376	5489	168	246	130	8409	149
Windom	4274	637	25	204	48	5188	69
Windom Park	5410	81	139	137	42	5809	93
City Of Minneapolis	288967	47948	12335	15723	3410	368383	7900

Source: 1990 Census of Population and Housing, STF1 aggregated by neighborhood.



# **Family Characteristics**

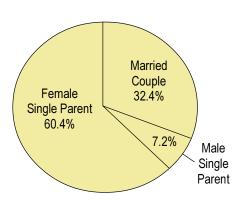
The percentage of children living in married couple families declined from 62.8 percent in 1980 to 54.4 percent in 1990. In 1990, 43 percent of the adult population was single, up from 39 percent in 1980.

# HOUSING TENURE OF FAMILIES WITH CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS OF AGE, 1990

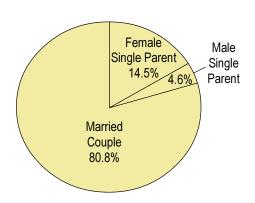
	Above	Below	% Below
Owner	Poverty	Poverty	Poverty
Married Couple	16,402	289	1.7%
Female Single Parent	2,563	439	14.6%
Male Single Parent	798	154	16.2%
Renter			
Married Couple	3,785	1,347	26.2%
Female Single Parent	3,173	6,382	66.8%
Male Single Parent	595	537	47.4%

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, STF4 Release, 1990

### PARENTS WITH CHILDREN, RENTING



### PARENTS WITH CHILDREN, OWNING THEIR HOME





# **Income and Poverty**

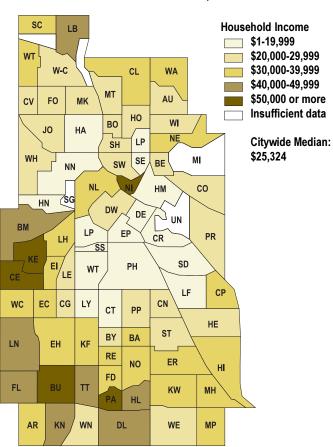
In 1989, the median household income, while rising slightly for city residents, remained below the income level for metropolitan area and U.S. residents as a whole.

In 1990, the median household income for Minneapolis represented 69 percent of the metropolitan and 84 percent of the U.S median household income. The median family income for Minneapolis was 75 percent of the metropolitan and 94 percent of the U.S. median family income. In 2000, the estimated median family income for the Twin Cities Metropolitan Statistical Area is \$68,600.

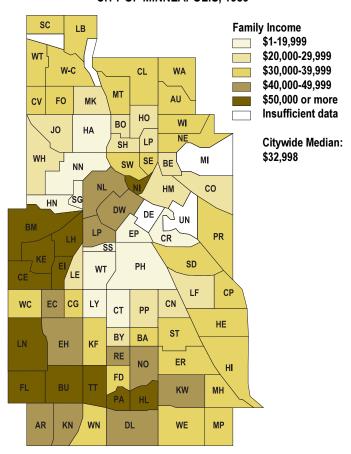
### 1990 MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD AND FAMILY INCOME

	Mpls.	Metro Area	U.S.
Median Household Income	\$25,324	\$36,678	\$30,056
Relative Percentage		69.0%	84.3%
Median Family Income	\$32,998	\$43,781	\$35,225
Relative Percentage		75.4%	93.7%

### MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY NEIGHBORHOOD, CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS, 1989



### MEDIAN FAMILY INCOME BY NEIGHBORHOOD, CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS, 1989



Between 1979 and 1989 the poverty rate for all city residents increased from 13.5 percent to 18.5 percent. As in 1979, children are more likely to live in poverty than adults; and, during the previous decade, the poverty rate for children increased at a greater rate than the poverty rate for adults.

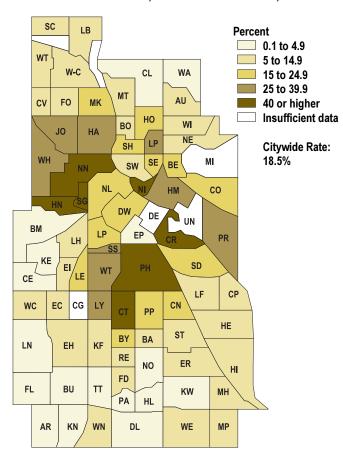
Individual and family poverty rates for city residents were each more than twice that of the comparable rates for the metropolitan area, which were 8.1 percent for individuals and 5.8 percent for families.

Throughout the 1980s, the poverty rate for the city's children remained significantly higher than the poverty rate for adults. One-third of all children under the age of five lived in poverty in 1989. By contrast, 15 percent of all resident adults lived in poverty in 1989. The poverty rate for children under the age of five remained the highest among all age categories. It increased significantly during the last decade, rising from 22 percent in 1979 to 33 percent in 1989. Overall, for all children under the age of 18, the poverty rate increased from 18 percent in 1979 to 30 percent in 1989.

### **Geographic Distribution of Poverty**

The following map geographically depicts the poverty status of Minneapolis neighborhoods. The map reflects a continued uneven distribution of poverty concentration and income levels across the city, with the highest concentrations of poverty located in areas adjacent to the downtown core on the near north and south sides of the city, and farther south along the 35W freeway corridor.

### PERCENT OF RESIDENTS BELOW POVERTY LEVEL BY NEIGHBORHOOD, CITY OF MINNEAPOLIS, 1989



### 1989 INCOME MEDIANS AND POVERTY STATUS BY NEIGHBORHOOD

	Persons for whom Poverty Status	Persons Below	Percent of Persons Below	Median Household	Median Family
Neighborhood	was Determined*	Poverty	Poverty	Income	Income
Armatage	4954	68	1.4%	\$ 37,628	\$ 41,280
Audubon Park	5638	482	8.5%	\$ 29,826	\$ 35,450
Bancroft	3271	181	5.5%	\$ 31,672	\$ 31,713
Beltrami	1131	224	19.8%	\$ 25,043	\$ 27,578
Bottineau	1219	177	14.5%	\$ 22,396	\$ 26,215
Bryant	2745	497	18.1%	\$ 25,727	\$ 25,616
Bryn Mawr	2815	68	2.4%	\$ 40,885	\$ 51,315
Camden	4856	482	9.9%	\$ 24,189	\$ 30,313
Carag	5778	730	12.6%	\$ 22,382	\$ 31,392
Cedar-Isles-Dean	2085	89	4.3%	\$ 50,307	\$ 78,791
Cedar Riverside-West Bank	4768	2197	46.1%	\$ 11,231	\$ 13,650
Central	7495	3050	40.7%	\$ 19,528	\$ 17,623
Cleveland	3190	248	7.8%	\$ 29,493	\$ 33,354
Columbia	1635	80	4.9%	\$ 33,654	\$ 34,073
Como	5601	1151	20.5%	\$ 25,542	\$ 29,492
Cooper	3656	396	10.8%	\$ 31,977	\$ 33,417
Corcoran	3722	694	18.6%	\$ 23,196	\$ 24,661
Diamond Lake	5482	156	2.8%	\$ 41,443	\$ 44,910
Downtown East	32	22	68.8%	\$ 4,999	\$ -
Downtown West	3900	941	24.1%	\$ 25,551	\$ 43,750
East Harriet	3463	192	5.5%	\$ 34,833	\$ 49,375
East Isles	3455	247	7.1%	\$ 30,919	\$ 59,102
Ecco	2568	161	6.3%	\$ 36,992	\$ 44,922
Elliot Park	4320	1525	35.3%	\$ 11,646	\$ 19,209
Ericsson	3246	230	7.1%	\$ 33,072	\$ 35,226
Field	2540	247	9.7%	\$ 34,583	\$ 38,663
Folwell	4902	477	9.7%	\$ 28,279	\$ 33,980
Fuller	4639	137	3.0%	\$ 42,885	\$ 53,737
Fulton	6034	70	1.2%	\$ 45,563	\$ 54,536
Hale	3217	66	2.1%	\$ 44,851	\$ 52,205
Harrison	3158	1543	48.9%	\$ 14,877	\$ 13,375
Hawthorne	5912	2235	37.8%	\$ 15,534	\$ 17,328
Hiawatha	5226	284	5.4%	\$ 33,146	\$ 38,591
Holland	3788	932	24.6%	\$ 20,405	\$ 23,867
Howe	6858	757	11.0%	\$ 28,606	\$ 35,382
Jordan	7561	2149	28.4%	\$ 21,924	\$ 26,065
Keewayden	3347	138	4.1%	\$ 36,097	\$ 41,389
Kenny	3660	41	1.1%	\$ 42,606	\$ 47,786
Kenwood	1595	19	1.2%	\$ 80,190	\$ 97,036
King Field	7560	735	9.7%	\$ 32,157	\$ 37,826
Lind-bohanon	4346	439	10.1%	\$ 27,335	\$ 31,734
Linden Hills	7601	179	2.4%	\$ 44,424	\$ 54,228
Logan Park	2087	599	28.7%	\$ 15,991	\$ 21,782
Longfellow	5092	553	10.9%	\$ 22,965	\$ 29,479
Loring Park	6434	1261	19.6%	\$ 15,223	\$ 42,202
Lowry Hill	3774	321	8.5%	\$ 34,609	\$ 81,763
Lowry Hill East	5868	917	15.6%	\$ 20,549	\$ 25,699
Lyndale	6741	2376	35.2%	\$ 15,392	\$ 14,840
Lynnhurst	5823	161	2.8%	\$ 62,925	\$ 73,210
Marcy-holmes	8192	3078	37.6%	\$ 16,741	\$ 21,934
Marshall Terrace	1322	176	13.3%	\$ 26,750	\$ 32,386
Mckinley	3251	624	19.2%	\$ 24,205	\$ 26,895
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## 1989 INCOME MEDIANS AND POVERTY STATUS BY NEIGHBORHOOD (CONTINUED)

	Persons for whom Poverty Status	Persons Below	Percent of Persons Below	Median Household	Median Family
Neighborhood	was Determined*	Poverty	Poverty	Income	Income
Mid-city Industrial Area	37	37	100.0%	\$ 5,360	\$ -
Minnehaha	4290	294	6.9%	\$ 32,109	\$ 36,027
Morris Park	3204	217	6.8%	\$ 31,104	\$ 33,684
Near North	5888	2736	46.5%	\$ 12,461	\$ 14,107
Nicollet Island-east Bank	663	41	6.2%	\$ 56,813	\$ 90,391
Northeast Park	734	101	13.8%	\$ 32,557	\$ 33,011
North Loop	638	157	24.6%	\$ 37,596	\$ 46,339
North River Industrial Area	122	42	34.4%	\$ 25,461	\$ 25,789
Northrup	4577	220	4.8%	\$ 39,722	\$ 44,545
Page	1783	50	2.8%	\$ 57,176	\$ 65,926
Phillips	16109	7882	48.9%	\$ 12,254	\$ 11,460
Powderhorn Park	7716	1641	21.3%	\$ 22,440	\$ 24,306
Prospect Park-east River Road	4705	1323	28.1%	\$ 25,772	\$ 35,950
Regina	2339	180	7.7%	\$ 39,527	\$ 40,694
Saint Anthony East	2110	481	22.8%	\$ 19,261	\$ 30,726
Saint Anthony West	2140	278	13.0%	\$ 22,612	\$ 37,062
Seward	7270	1351	18.6%	\$ 17,846	\$ 34,688
Sheridan	2807	634	22.6%	\$ 20,225	\$ 25,901
Shingle Creek	2981	199	6.7%	\$ 31,234	\$ 33,315
Standish	6559	552	8.4%	\$ 28,076	\$ 32,945
Stevens Square-loring Heights	4277	1286	30.1%	\$ 14,417	\$ 17,123
Sumner-glenwood	3274	2565	78.3%	\$ 6,452	\$ 7,340
University	89	30	33.7%	\$ 12,188	\$ 26,250
Victory	4655	269	5.8%	\$ 31,767	\$ 36,816
Waite Park	5688	116	2.0%	\$ 33,932	\$ 38,673
Wenonah	4181	548	13.1%	\$ 29,665	\$ 35,269
West Calhoun	1922	179	9.3%	\$ 30,769	\$ 39,050
Whittier	12612	4029	31.9%	\$ 17,325	\$ 15,924
Willard Hay	8376	2251	26.9%	\$ 24,504	\$ 25,953
Windom	4766	358	7.5%	\$ 29,872	\$ 36,046
Windom Park	5682	696	12.2%	\$ 24,766	\$ 36,523
Humboldt Industrial Area	127	11	8.7%	\$ 28,523	\$ 38,500
City Of Minneapolis	353874	65556	18.5%	\$ 25,324	\$ 32,998

Source: 1990 Census, User Defined Area Program.

<sup>\*</sup> Note: The number of persons for whom poverty status is determined differs from the total population. The total population uses data from the short and long form to include every person. The poverty question is only asked of those who received the long form. Therefore, the numbers are adjusted to approximate the entire population.